

# The `atenddvi` package

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## Abstract

L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X offers `\AtBeginDvi`. This package `atenddvi` provides the counterpart `\AtEndDvi`. The execution of its argument is delayed to the end of the document at the end of the last page. Thus `\special` and `\write` remain effective, because they are put into the last page. This is the main difference to `\AtEndDocument`.

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## 1 Documentation

`\AtEndDvi {<code>}`

Macro `\AtEndDvi` provides a hook mechanism to put *<code>* at the end of the last output page. It is the logical counterpart to `\AtBeginDvi`. Despite the name the output type DVI, PDF or whatever does not matter.

Unlike `\AtBeginDvi` the *<code>* is not put in a box and therefore executed immediately. The hook for `\AtEndDvi` is based on a macro similar to `\AtBeginDocument` or `\AtEndDocument`. The execution of *<code>* is delayed until the hook is executed on the last page.

Commands such as `\special` or `\write` (not the `\immediate` variant) must go as nodes into the contents of a page to have the desired effect. When the hook for `\AtEndDocument` is executed, the last intended page may already be shipped out.

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\*Please report any issues at <https://github.com/ho-tex/oberdiek/issues>

Therefore `\special` or `\write` cannot be used in a reliable way without generating new page.

This gap is closed by `\AtEndDvi` of this package `atenddvi`. If the document is compiled the first time, the package remembers the last page in a reference. In the second run, it puts the hook on the page that has been detected in the previous run as last page. The package detects if the number of pages has changed, and then generates a warning to rerun L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X.

## 2 Implementation

```
1 \<package>
2 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
3 \ProvidesPackage{atenddvi}%
4 [2016/05/16 v1.2 At end DVI hook (HO)]%
```

Load the required packages

```
5 \RequirePackage{zref-abspage,zref-lastpage}[2007/03/19]
6 \RequirePackage{atbegshi}
```

`\AtEndDvi@Hook` Macro `\AtEndDvi@Hook` is the data storage macro for the code that is executed later at end of the last page.

```
7 \let\AtEndDvi@Hook\@empty
```

`\AtEndDvi` Macro `\AtEndDvi` is called in the same way as `\AtBeginDocument`. The argument is added to the hook macro.

```
8 \newcommand*{\AtEndDvi}{%
9   \g@addto@macro\AtEndDvi@Hook
10 }
```

`\AtEndDvi@AtBeginShipout`

```
11 \def\AtEndDvi@AtBeginShipout{%
12   \begingroup
```

The reference ‘LastPage’ is marked used. If the reference is not yet defined, then the user gets the warning because of the undefined reference and the rerun warning at the end of the compile run. However, we do not need a warning each page, the first page is enough.

```
13   \ifnum\value{abspage}=1 %
14     \zref@refused{LastPage}%
15   \fi
```

The current absolute page number is compared with the absolute page number of the reference ‘LastPage’.

```
16   \ifnum\zref@extractdefault{LastPage}{abspage}{0}=\value{abspage}%
```

`\AtEndDvi@LastPage` We found the right page and remember it in a macro.

```
17   \xdef\AtEndDvi@LastPage{\number\value{abspage}}%
```

The hook of `\AtEndDvi` is now put on the last page after the contents of the page.

```
18   \global\setbox\AtBeginShipoutBox=\vbox{%
19     \hbox{%
20       \box\AtBeginShipoutBox
21       \setbox\AtBeginShipoutBox=\hbox{%
22         \begingroup
23           \AtEndDvi@Hook
24         \endgroup
25       }%
26       \wd\AtBeginShipoutBox=\z@
27       \ht\AtBeginShipoutBox=\z@
28       \dp\AtBeginShipoutBox=\z@
29       \box\AtBeginShipoutBox
30     }%
31   }%
```

We do not need the every page hook.

```
32 \global\let\AtEndDvi@AtBeginShipout\@empty
```

The hook is consumed, `\AtEndDvi` does not have an effect.

```
33 \global\let\AtEndDvi\@gobble
```

Make a protocol entry, which page is used by this package as last page.

```
34 \let\on@line\@empty
```

```
35 \PackageInfo{atendddvi}{Last page = \AtEndDvi@LastPage}%
```

```
36 \fi
```

```
37 \endgroup
```

```
38 }
```

`\AtEndDvi@AtBeginDocument` In order to get as late as possible in the chain of the every shipout hook, the call of `\AtBeginShipout` is delayed.

```
39 \def\AtEndDvi@AtBeginDocument{%
```

```
40 \AtBeginShipout{\AtEndDvi@AtBeginShipout}%
```

`\AtEndDvi@Check` After `\AtEndDocument` L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X reads its `.aux` files again. Code in `\AtEndDocument` could generate additional pages. This is unlikely by code in the `.aux` file, thus we use the `.aux` file to run macro `\AtEndDvi@Check` for checking the last page.

During the first reading of the `.aux` file, `\AtEndDvi@Check` is disabled, its real meaning is assigned afterwards.

```
41 \if@filesw
```

```
42 \immediate\write\@mainaux{%
```

```
43 \string\providecommand\string\AtEndDvi@Check{}%
```

```
44 }%
```

```
45 \immediate\write\@mainaux{%
```

```
46 \string\AtEndDvi@Check
```

```
47 }%
```

```
48 \fi
```

```
49 \let\AtEndDvi@Check\AtEndDvi@CheckImpl
```

```
50 }
```

```
51 \AtBeginDocument{\AtEndDvi@AtBeginDocument}
```

`\AtEndDvi@CheckImpl` First check is whether a last page was found at all. Secondly the found last page is compared with the real last page.

```
52 \def\AtEndDvi@CheckImpl{%
```

```
53 \@ifundefined{AtEndDvi@LastPage}{%
```

```
54 \PackageWarningNoLine{atendddvi}{%
```

```
55 Rerun LaTeX, last page not yet found%
```

```
56 }%
```

```
57 }{%
```

```
58 \ifnum\AtEndDvi@LastPage=\value{abspage}%
```

```
59 \else
```

```
60 \PackageWarningNoLine{atendddvi}{%
```

```
61 Rerun LaTeX, last page has changed%
```

```
62 }%
```

```
63 \fi
```

```
64 }%
```

```
65 }
```

```
66 \</package>
```

## 3 Installation

### 3.1 Download

**Package.** This package is available on CTAN<sup>1</sup>:

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<sup>1</sup><http://ctan.org/pkg/atendddvi>

[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/atendddvi.dtx](#) The source file.

[CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/atendddvi.pdf](#) Documentation.

**Bundle.** All the packages of the bundle ‘oberdiek’ are also available in a TDS compliant ZIP archive. There the packages are already unpacked and the documentation files are generated. The files and directories obey the TDS standard.

[CTAN:install/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek.tds.zip](#)

*TDS* refers to the standard “A Directory Structure for T<sub>E</sub>X Files” ([CTAN:tds/tds.pdf](#)). Directories with `texmf` in their name are usually organized this way.

## 3.2 Bundle installation

**Unpacking.** Unpack the `oberdiek.tds.zip` in the TDS tree (also known as `texmf` tree) of your choice. Example (linux):

```
unzip oberdiek.tds.zip -d ~/texmf
```

**Script installation.** Check the directory `TDS:scripts/oberdiek/` for scripts that need further installation steps. Package `attachfile2` comes with the Perl script `pdfatfi.pl` that should be installed in such a way that it can be called as `pdfatfi`. Example (linux):

```
chmod +x scripts/oberdiek/pdfatfi.pl
cp scripts/oberdiek/pdfatfi.pl /usr/local/bin/
```

## 3.3 Package installation

**Unpacking.** The `.dtx` file is a self-extracting `docstrip` archive. The files are extracted by running the `.dtx` through plain T<sub>E</sub>X:

```
tex atendddvi.dtx
```

**TDS.** Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as `texmf` tree):

```
atendddvi.sty → tex/latex/oberdiek/atendddvi.sty
atendddvi.pdf → doc/latex/oberdiek/atendddvi.pdf
atendddvi.dtx → source/latex/oberdiek/atendddvi.dtx
```

If you have a `docstrip.cfg` that configures and enables `docstrip`’s TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of `docstrip`.

## 3.4 Refresh file name databases

If your T<sub>E</sub>X distribution (teT<sub>E</sub>X, miK<sub>T</sub>E<sub>X</sub>, ...) relies on file name databases, you must refresh these. For example, teT<sub>E</sub>X users run `texhash` or `mktextlsr`.

## 3.5 Some details for the interested

**Unpacking with L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X.** The `.dtx` chooses its action depending on the format:

**plain T<sub>E</sub>X:** Run `docstrip` and extract the files.

**L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X:** Generate the documentation.

If you insist on using L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X for `docstrip` (really, `docstrip` does not need L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{atendddvi.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

**Generating the documentation.** You can use both the `.dtx` or the `.drv` to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file `ltxdoc.cfg`. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

```
\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}
```

An example follows how to generate the documentation with pdfL<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X:

```
pdflatex atenddvi.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist atenddvi.idx
pdflatex atenddvi.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist atenddvi.idx
pdflatex atenddvi.dtx
```

## 4 Catalogue

The following XML file can be used as source for the [T<sub>E</sub>X Catalogue](#). The elements `caption` and `description` are imported from the original XML file from the Catalogue. The name of the XML file in the Catalogue is `atenddvi.xml`.

```
67 (*catalogue)
68 <?xml version='1.0' encoding='us-ascii'?>
69 <!DOCTYPE entry SYSTEM 'catalogue.dtd'>
70 <entry datestamp='$Date$' modifier='$Author$' id='atenddvi'>
71   <name>atenddvi</name>
72   <caption>Provides the \AtEndDvi command.</caption>
73   <authorref id='auth:oberdiek'>
74     <copyright owner='Heiko Oberdiek' year='2007'>
75       <license type='lppl1.3'>
76         <version number='1.2'>
77           <description>
78             LaTeX offers <tt>\AtBeginDvi</tt>. This package provides the
79             counterpart <tt>\AtEndDvi</tt>. The execution of its argument is
80             delayed to the end of the document at the end of the last page.
81             At this point <tt>\special</tt> and <tt>\write</tt> remain
82             effective, because they are put into the last page. This is the
83             main difference from the LaTeX command <tt>\AtEndDocument</tt>.
84           <p/>
85           The package is part of the <xref refid='oberdiek'>oberdiek</xref> bundle.
86         </description>
87         <documentation details='Package documentation'
88           href='ctan:/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/atenddvi.pdf'>
89           <ctan file='true' path='/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/atenddvi.dtx'>
90             <miktex location='oberdiek'>
91               <texlive location='oberdiek'>
92                 <install path='/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/oberdiek.tds.zip'>
93               </entry>
94             </catalogue>
```

## 5 History

**[2007/03/20 v1.0]**

- First version.

**[2007/04/17 v1.1]**

- Package `atbegshi` replaces package `everyshi`.

**[2016/05/16 v1.2]**

- Documentation updates.

## 6 Index

Numbers written in *italic* refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; plain numbers refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

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