

Typesetting dropped capitals with LaTeX

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1 Introduction

The file `lettrine.sty`¹, provides a command `\lettrine` which requires two mandatory arguments, and an optional one.

Adding `\usepackage{lettrine}` in the preamble of a document defines the command `\lettrine`, the simplest use of which is `\lettrine{<letter>}{<text>}`. It produces a dropped capital `<letter>` (2 lines high), followed by `<text>` typeset in small caps, and the rest of the paragraph is wrapped around the dropped capital.

The `\lettrine[<options>]{<letter>}{<text>}` command accepts various optional arguments to control the size and layout of the dropped capital and match the requirements described in the books

- + “Lexique des règles typographiques en usage à l’Imprimerie nationale” troisième édition (1994), ISBN-2-11-081075-0,
- + “Mise en page et impression” Yves Perrousseaux, ISBN-2-911220-01-3.

The parameters can be set using the `key=value` syntax:

- + `lines=<integer>` sets how many lines the dropped capital will occupy (default=2);
- + `depth=<integer>` sets the number of lines to be reserved under the baseline, this is meant for dropped capital with positive depth, like Q (default=0);
- + `lhang=<decimal>` ($0 \leq \text{lhang} \leq 1$) sets how much of the dropped capital’s width should hang into the margin (default=0);
- + `loversize=<decimal>` ($-1 < \text{loversize} \leq 1$) enlarges the dropped capital’s height: with `loversize=0.1` its height is enlarged by 10% so that it raises above the top paragraph’s line (default=0);
- + `lraise=<decimal>` does not affect the dropped capital’s height, but moves it up (if positive), down (if negative); useful with capitals like J or Q which have a positive depth, (default=0);
- + `findent=<dimen>` (positive or negative) controls the horizontal gap between the dropped capital and the indented block of text (default=0pt);
- + `nindent=<dimen>` shifts all indented lines, starting from the second one, horizontally by `<dimen>` (this shift is relative to the first line, default=0.5em);
- + `slope=<dimen>` can be used with dropped capitals like A or V to add `<dimen>` (positive or negative) to the indentation of each line starting from the third one (no effect if `lines=2`, default=0pt);

¹The file described in this section has version number v2.51 and was last revised on 2023-07-04.

- + `ante=<string>` can be used to typeset *<string>* before the dropped capital (typical use is for French guillemets starting the paragraph).
- + `image[=true]` will force `\lettrine` to replace the letter normally used as dropped capital by an image in eps format (latex) or in pdf, jpg, etc. format (pdflatex, xelatex, lualatex); this requires the `graphicx` package to be loaded in the preamble. `\lettrine[image=true]{A}{n exemple}` or just `\lettrine[image]{A}{n exemple}` will load `A.eps`, `A.jpg`, `A.png` or `A.pdf` instead of letter `A`.
N.B.: Redefining `\LettrineFont` as `\LettrineFontEPS` is no longer supported and `\LettrineFontEPS` has been renamed as `\LettrineImage`.
- + `grid[=true]` will force the vertical skip added above the paragraph starting with `\lettrine` to be rounded up to an integer number of `\baselineskip`. This option is meant for grid typesetting.
- + `novskip=<dimen>` overrides `\DiscardVskip` (default=1pt). In some cases (see options `lraise`, `loversize` or accentuated dropped capitals,...) the top of the dropped capital will raise above the top of following text (usually in small caps), this will trigger a corresponding vertical skip above the paragraph starting with `\lettrine`, *only if* this skip exceeds `\DiscardVskip`. Consider enlarging `novskip` (or `\DiscardVskip`) to prevent small vertical skips from being rounded up to `\baselineskip` when using the 'grid' option.
- + `realheight[=true]` will compute the default height of the initial so that the top of it is exactly aligned with the top of the text entered as second mandatory argument of `\lettrine` taking possible accents into account. Otherwise, the default height is computed using a customisable string `\LettrineSecondString` instead of the real argument. For backward compatibility, option `realheight` defaults to `false` and `\LettrineSecondString` to 'x'.

You probably don't need this option if you choose to typeset the second mandatory argument of `\lettrine` in small caps (the default). If you change `\LettrineTextFont` to `\relax` or `\upshape`, consider these two examples:

`\lettrine{H}{ello}` you might like the top of the 'H' to be aligned with the top of the 'll' rather than with the top of the 'e', adding option `realheight` does the trick: `\lettrine[realheight]{H}{ello}`.

Global variants : `\LettrineRealHeighttrue` or (without the `realheight` option) `\renewcommand*{\LettrineSecondString}{l}`.

`\lettrine{L}{a misère}` option `realheight=true` would align with the top of the 'L' with the top of the grave accent, the default is probably better (top of the 'L' aligned with the top of the non accented letters).

- + `refstring` with no value, is meant for fancy initials with irregular heights (i.e. taken in fonts like Yinit (OpenType), `cfr-initials`,...). Option `refstring` forces the `\fontsize` computations to be run on the initial given as `\lettrine`'s first mandatory argument instead of the reference string `\LettrineTestString`. In most cases, this option should *not* be used: think of accentuated initials or capitals with optical correction.

`refstring=<string>` can be used to override `\LettrineTestString`, the default reference string (option *seldom useful*).

Example: `\lettrine[lines=4, lraise=0.1, nindent=0em, slope=-.5em]%
{V}{oici} un exemple ...`

Coloured initials are available in conjunction with package `color`, examples:

`\lettrine{\textcolor{red}{A}}{n} example` or

`\lettrine{\textcolor[gray]{0.5}{A}}{nother} one`

see package `color` for the syntax of colour commands. Another possibility to colour initials globally is described below, see `\LettrineFontHook`.

Three dimensions, `\LettrineHeight`, `\LettrineDepth` and `\LettrineWidth` hold the final size of the initial (*height* and *depth* being measured from the paragraph's *n*-th baseline if `lines=n`).

Have a look at files `lettrine-demo-fr.tex` and `lettrine-demo-lua.tex` and at the resulting PDFs in the `doc` folder to see the possible usage of these parameters.

Starting with version 2.30, the default settings can easily be specified as options passed to the `lettrine` package. These options are the same as those of the `\lettrine` command previously described²: f.i. `\usepackage[lines=3]{lettrine}` will set the default to three lines of text. Options passed to the `lettrine` package override the defaults set in the `lettrine.cfg` file (see below) and will be overridden by options passed to the `\lettrine` command.

The default settings can also be customized in a config file `lettrine.cfg` (backward compatibility). The following list shows the syntax to set them and their default values:

- + `\setcounter{DefaultLines}{2},`
- + `\setcounter{DefaultDepth}{0},`
- + `\renewcommand*{\DefaultLoversize}{0},`
- + `\renewcommand*{\DefaultLraise}{0},`
- + `\renewcommand*{\DefaultLhang}{0},`
- + `\setlength{\DefaultFindent}{0pt},`
- + `\setlength{\DefaultNindent}{0.5em},`
- + `\setlength{\DefaultSlope}{0pt}.`
- + `\setlength{\DiscardVskip}{1pt},`
- + `\LettrineImagefalse,`
- + `\LettrineOnGridfalse,`
- + `\LettrineRealHeightfalse.`

Instead of giving optional parameters to the `\lettrine` command, it is possible to set them on a per character basis in a second config file (suggested by Pascal Kockaert): `\renewcommand{\DefaultOptionsFile}{<filename>}` in the preamble (or anywhere in the document) will force each call to `\lettrine` to read the file `<filename>`. Alternatively, `\usepackage[optionsfile=<filename>]{lettrine}` produces the same effect. See examples of such config files in the subdirectory `contrib`.

²With the exception of `ante` which doesn't make sense for a global usage.

The dimensional parameters `findent`, `nindent` and `slope`, can be set relative to `\LettrineWidth` if needed, *in an optionsfile only*. The settings read from this file will be overridden by the optional arguments eventually given to the `\lettrine` command.

`\LettrineTextFont` sets the font used for the second argument of `\lettrine`, its default definition is `\newcommand{\LettrineTextFont}{\scshape}` (second argument in small caps), this can be changed using `\renewcommand`.

`\LettrineFont` *is not customisable* see `\LettrineFontHook` below, it sets the font used for the dropped capital, usually the current font in a (large) size, computed automatically from the number of lines it will fill: the font size is computed so that, a *standard* dropped capital (say Z, not Å) when sitting on its baseline, gets its top aligned with the top of the following text (provided `loversize = 0` and `lines ≥ 2`). When `lines=1`, size is computed as if `lines` was 2.

A hook `\LettrineFontHook` is provided to change the font used for the dropped capital, syntax follows LaTeX's low-level font interface (see LaTeX Companion, p.187–192), the `\selectfont` command is issued by `\LettrineFont`:

```
\renewcommand{\LettrineFontHook}{\fontfamily{ppl}\fontseries{bx}%
                                \fontshape{sl}}
```

selects Palatino bold expanded slanted for the dropped capital.

With LuaLaTeX or XeLaTeX changing the lettrine's font is even easier, simply use the `\fontspec` command:

```
\renewcommand{\LettrineFontHook}{\fontspec{LinLibertine_I.otf}}
```

will switch to Linux Libertine Initials.

`\LettrineFontHook` can also be used to change the colour of all initials in a (part of) document: `\renewcommand{\LettrineFontHook}{\color[gray]{0.5}}` will colour the initials following this command in grey.

Important notice: the sizing works fine with *fully scalable* fonts (like the standard PostScript or OpenType fonts), but might not work well with CM/EC fonts which have two limitations: only a limited number of sizes is available by default (precise adjustments are impossible), and the largest size (25pt or 35pt) is often too small. The CM fonts are available in PostScript type1 format for free (courtesy of BlueSky/Y&Y), to make them fully scalable, it is mandatory to add `\usepackage{type1cm}` in the preamble of your document. The EC fonts are also available in type1 format for free (thanks to Vladimir Volovich, they are called cm-super), and adding `\usepackage{type1ec}`³ in the preamble will make them fully scalable too. So, if you want `lettrine.sty` to work properly with CM or EC fonts, you will need *PostScript versions* of these fonts *and* one of the packages `type1cm.sty` or `type1ec.sty`.

The LM fonts are a good replacement for both CM and EC fonts they are fully scalable, so you should use them instead of CM or EC fonts. `\usepackage{lmodern}` is the command to switch them on (add `\usepackage[T1]{fontenc}` when composing in one of the western languages other than English in order to get proper hyphenation).

You can also consider using one of the standard PostScript fonts (Palatino, Times, Utopia...), or any OpenType font, they are fully scalable too!

³This package, available on CTAN, was first released on 2002/07/30.

Breaking change in version 2.50: in order to improve the alignment of side by side parboxes starting with a dropped cap, the internals of the `\lettrine{}` command have changed. Formerly, the initial was completely smashed (*height*=0, *depth*=0) and a `\vskip` was added in case the initial stuck out too much above the paragraph's first baseline. From version 2.50 on, the initial gets a null *depth* and its proper *height* (measured from the paragraph's first baseline, please note that it is different from `\LettrineHeight`). This change has the following side effect: in multicolumn type-setting, when a dropped cap starts a column and sticks out significantly above the baseline, it might be necessary to 'smash' the dropped cap and eventually to add a `\vspace{}` before the multicolumn environment. See `lettrine-demo-fr.pdf` p. 4 for an example. Using the rollback mechanism to switch back to version 2.40 is another option: `\usepackage{lettrine}[v2.4]`.

Known issues:

- ✦ Nothing is done to prevent page-breaking in a paragraph starting with a dropped capital; when it happens to hang into the footer, page-breaking has to be done manually.
- ✦ `\lettrine` works within 'quote' 'quotation', 'abstract' environments but does not work within 'center' environments except with option `[lines=1]`.
- ✦ `\lettrine` does not work within lists.
- ✦ If a *list* has to be included in a paragraph starting with `\lettrine`, it is necessary to add the command `\parshape=0` just after the end of the list (starting a new paragraph just before or just after the list works too). Remember that 'quote', 'quotation', 'abstract' environments are implemented as *lists* in LaTeX.
- ✦ If you are facing some slight height inaccuracy for a dropped capital, you can try option `refstring`; this option is meant for fancy (unaccented) initials. Informations about targeted and effective initial's height are available in the `.log` file. Using LuaTeX or XeTeX engines with OpenType fonts may be an option (some TFM files for Type1 fonts are slightly inaccurate).
- ✦ `\LettrineTestString`'s value has changed over the time; these changes may result in slight size differences for the initial. Starting with version 2.2, the lettrine package takes advantage of the rollback facilities recently introduced by the LaTeX Team⁴. Three rollback versions are provided in order to produce exactly the same output as with former versions: you can request `\usepackage{lettrine}[v1.6]`⁵ for 1999-2012 documents or `\usepackage{lettrine}[v1.9]` (documents from 2012 to July 2018) or `\usepackage{lettrine}[v2.0]` (August 2018). Using any date in ISO format works too: `\usepackage{lettrine}[=2014-03-15]` will load v1.9.

⁴A LaTeX kernel dated 2018-04-01 or newer is required.

⁵Don't forget the = sign!

2 TeXnical details

The lettrine package uses the rollback mechanism introduced by the LaTeX Team to provide easier backward compatibility. The current release requires a LaTeX version not older than 2022-06-01 (kernel packages ltkeys and xfp are required).

```
1 \DeclareRelease{v1.6}{1999-03-03}{lettrine-2006-03-17.sty}
2 \DeclareRelease{v1.9}{2012-07-20}{lettrine-2015-08-31.sty}
3 \DeclareRelease{v2.0}{2018-07-21}{lettrine-2018-08-18.sty}
4 \DeclareRelease{v2.3}{2022-09-25}{lettrine-2022-09-25.sty}
5 \DeclareRelease{v2.4}{2023-04-18}{lettrine-2023-04-18.sty}
6 \DeclareCurrentRelease{}{2023-07-02}
7 \RequirePackage{xfp}
```

Default initializations: define the necessary counters, lengths, and commands to hold the default settings and set these default settings. They can be overwritten in file `lettrine.cfg`.

```
8 \newcounter{DefaultLines}
9 \setcounter{DefaultLines}{2}
10 \newcounter{DefaultDepth}
11 \newcommand*{\DefaultOptionsFile}{\relax}
12 \newcommand*{\DefaultLoversize}{0}
13 \newcommand*{\DefaultLraise}{0}
14 \newcommand*{\DefaultLhang}{0}
15 \newdimen\DefaultFindent
16 \setlength{\DefaultFindent}{\z@}
17 \newdimen\DefaultNindent
18 \setlength{\DefaultNindent}{0.5em}
19 \newdimen\DefaultSlope
20 \setlength{\DefaultSlope}{\z@}
21 \newdimen\DiscardVskip
22 \setlength{\DiscardVskip}{1\p@}
23 \newif\ifLettrineImage
24 \newif\ifLettrineOnGrid
25 \newif\ifLettrineRealHeight
```

Then let's define the necessary internal counters, lengths, and commands.

```
26 \newsavebox{\L@lettrine}
27 \newsavebox{\L@lbox}
28 \newsavebox{\L@tbox}
29 \newcounter{L@lines}
30 \newcounter{L@depth}
31 \newdimen\L@Pindent
32 \newdimen\L@Findent
33 \newdimen\L@Nindent
34 \newdimen\L@lraise
35 \newdimen\L@first
36 \newdimen\L@next
37 \newdimen\L@slope
38 \newdimen\L@height
39 \newdimen\L@novskip
40 \newdimen\L@ruleht
41 \newdimen\L@target@ht
```

```

42 \newdimen\L@target@dp
43 \newdimen\L@target@tht
44 \newdimen\LettrineWidth
45 \newdimen\LettrineHeight
46 \newdimen\LettrineDepth
47 \newcommand*{\L@file}{}
48 \newcommand*{\L@hang}{}
49 \newcommand*{\L@oversize}{}
50 \newcommand*{\L@raise}{}
51 \newcommand*{\L@ante}{}
52 \newif\ifL@image
53 \newif\ifL@grid
54 \newif\ifL@realh

```

`\LettrineTestString` As some font designers apply optical correction to capitals C, G, O, or Q (they are slightly taller than ‘T’ or ‘Z’), they are better left out of `\LettrineTestString`. EFTZ should be a good default for most fonts.

```

55 \newcommand*{\LettrineTestString}{EFTZ}

```

Load a local config file if present in LaTeX’s search path.

```

56 \InputIfFileExists{lettrine.cfg}
57   {\typeout{Loading lettrine.cfg}}
58   {\typeout{lettrine.cfg not found, using default values}}

```

Global package options enable to override the default values given above to generic parameters. These may be overridden again by options passed to the `\lettrine[]{}{}{}` command. This code is based on `ltkeys.dtx`.

```

59 \DeclareKeys[LettrineGlobal]
60 {
61   lines.code      = \setcounter{DefaultLines}{#1} ,
62   depth.code      = \setcounter{DefaultDepth}{#1} ,
63   lhang.store     = \DefaultLhang ,
64   loversize.store = \DefaultLoversize ,
65   lraise.store    = \DefaultLraise ,
66   findent.code    = \setlength{\DefaultFindent}{#1} ,
67   nindent.code    = \setlength{\DefaultNindent}{#1} ,
68   slope.code      = \setlength{\DefaultSlope}{#1} ,
69   novskip.code    = \setlength{\DiscardVskip}{#1} ,
70   image.if        = LettrineImage ,
71   grid.if         = LettrineOnGrid ,
72   realheight.if   = LettrineRealHeight ,
73   refstring.default:n = \l@initial ,
74   refstring.store  = \LettrineTestString ,
75   optionsfile.store = \DefaultOptionsFile
76 }
77 \ProcessKeyOptions[LettrineGlobal]

```

Ditto for the `\lettrine` command’s options.

```

78 \DeclareKeys[LettrineLocal]
79 {
80   lines.code      = \setcounter{L@lines}{#1} ,

```

```

81 depth.code      = \setcounter{L@depth}{#1}      ,
82 lhang.code      = \renewcommand*\L@hang{#1}      ,
83 loversize.code  = \renewcommand*\L@oversize{#1}  ,
84 lraise.code     = \renewcommand*\L@raise{#1}     ,
85 ante.code       = \renewcommand*\L@ante{#1}      ,
86 findent.code    = \setlength{\L@Findent}{#1}     ,
87 nindent.code    = \setlength{\L@Nindent}{#1}     ,
88 slope.code      = \setlength{\L@slope}{#1}       ,
89 novskip.code    = \setlength{\L@novskip}{#1}     ,
90 image.if        = L@image                        ,
91 grid.if         = L@grid                        ,
92 realheight.if   = L@realh                      ,
93 refstring.default:n = \l@initial                ,
94 refstring.store  = \l@refstring
95 }

```

`\LettrineTextFont` In French, small caps usually follow the initial.

```

96 \newcommand*\LettrineTextFont{\scshape}
97 \newcommand*\LettrineSecondString{x}

```

`\LettrineFontHook` `\LettrineFontHook` enables to select another font for the dropped capital. Its default definition is empty (the current text font is used).

```

98 \newcommand*\LettrineFontHook{}

```

`\computeL@height` The default size for the dropped capital is computed so that the top of it is exactly aligned with the top of the following text; an extra height (positive or negative) may be added globally by redefining `\Defaultloversize` or locally using optional argument `loversize=`. If `lines=1`, the default size for the dropped capital is computed as if `lines=2`.

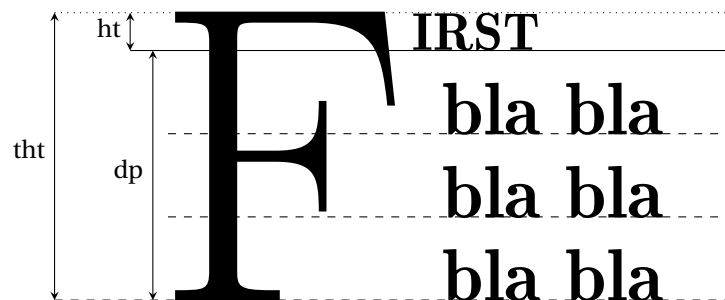


Figure 1: Initial's targeted dimensions (`\lines = 4`)

`\computeL@height` first computes the targeted height for the dropped capital and stores it into `\L@target@tht`. This height only depends on `L@lines` and on the height of `\L@tbox` (see fig. 1). So options *must* be read and `\L@tbox` must be properly initialised *before* executing `\computeL@height` (see below in `\@lettrine` code).

`\L@height` is set to `\L@target@tht` raised by the `\L@oversize` factor.

```

99 \def\computeL@height{%
100   \setlength{\L@target@ht}{\ht\L@tbox}%

```


As `\baselineskip` might be a rubber length, let's convert it into a 'dimen' using `\@tempdima`.

```

101 \@tempdima=\baselineskip
102 \setlength{\L@target@dp}{\value{L@lines}\@tempdima}%
103 \ifnum\value{L@lines}>1
104   \addtolength{\L@target@dp}{-\@tempdima}%
105 \else
106   \addtolength{\L@target@ht}{\L@target@dp}%
107   \setlength{\L@target@dp}{0pt}%
108 \fi
109 \setlength{\L@target@tht}{\L@target@ht}%
110 \addtolength{\L@target@tht}{\L@target@dp}%
111 \setlength{\L@height}{\L@target@tht}%
112 \addtolength{\L@height}{\L@oversize\L@target@tht}%
113 }

```

`\compute@fontsize` After executing `\computeL@height`, `\L@height` holds the exact height required for the dropped capital, nothing more is needed if the initial is a picture, otherwise we need to compute the matching `\fontsize`'s value. This is done by measuring the height of a "reference" capital (i.e. either listed in `\LettrineTestString` or the initial itself). This command compares the height of a "reference" capital scaled by `\fontsize` with argument `\L@height`, to `\L@height` (the required height for the initial); both are converted into integers (in sp), to compute a ratio `\L@factor` (decimal number). Then, the initial will be scaled by `\L@factor\L@height`. Starting with v2.40, `\L@factor` is computed by `\fpeval` from `xfp.sty`.

If the option `refstring` is set in the `\lettrine` command the initial itself is taken as reference to compute `\fontsize`, this can be handy when working with fancy fonts (i.e. cfr-initials, Yinit). In most cases, the default is a better choice .

```

114 \def\compute@fontsize{%
115   \ifx\l@refstring\@empty
116     \def\Lettrine@RefString{\LettrineTestString}%
117   \else
118     \def\Lettrine@RefString{\l@refstring}%
119   \fi
120   \sbox{\@tempboxa}{\LettrineFontHook
121                     \fontsize{\L@height}{\L@height}\selectfont
122                     \Lettrine@RefString}%
123   \@tempcnta=\ht\@tempboxa
124   \ifnum\@tempcnta=0
125     \PackageWarning{lettrine}{Unable to compute \protect\fontsize!%
126     \MessageBreak \protect\LettrineTestString\space empty? reported}%
127     \def\L@factor{1}%
128   \else
129     \@tempcntb=\L@height
130     \def\L@factor{\fpeval{\the\@tempcntb/\the\@tempcnta}}%
131   \fi
132 }

```

`\LettrineFont` `\fontsize`'s argument providing the requested `\L@height` is `\L@factor\L@height`.

```

133 \newcommand*{\LettrineFont}{%
134   \LettrineFontHook

```

```

135 \fontsize{\L@factor\L@height}{\L@factor\L@height}%
136 \selectfont
137 }

```

\LettrineImage The following definition is for use with dropped capitals defined as images: EPS, PDF, JPG, PNG files (see examples in `lettrine-demo-fr.tex`). It requires the `graphicx` package to be loaded in the preamble with `\usepackage{graphicx}`. The image's height is computed just as in the standard case and passed to `\includegraphics`.

```

138 \newcommand*\LettrineImage{%
139 \LettrineFontHook\includegraphics[height=\L@height]%
140 }

```

\setupL@lbox The next (internal) command computes the requested size for the initial (letter or image) and prepares a box `\L@lbox` holding it.

```

141 \def\setupL@lbox{%
142 \computeL@height
143 \ifL@image
144 \sbox{\L@lbox}{\LettrineImage{\l@initial}}%
145 \else
146 \compute@fontsize
147 \sbox{\L@lbox}{\LettrineFont \l@initial}%
148 \fi
149 }

```

\LettrineOptionsFor This command is to be used in an optional config file (the name of which is found in `\DefaultOptionsFile`) to set the values of parameters on a per character basis, for instance:

```
\LettrineOptionsFor{A}{slope=0.6em, findent=-1em, nindent=0.6em}
```

```

150 \newcommand*\LettrineOptionsFor}[2]{%
151 \edef\l@tmpa{#1}%

```

Gobble potential color commands for the initial.

```

152 \begingroup
153 \def\color##1##{\l@color{##1}}%
154 \let\l@color\@gobbletwo
155 \def\textcolor##1##{\l@textcolor{##1}}%
156 \def\l@textcolor##1##2##3{##3}%
157 \xdef\l@tmpb{\l@initial}%
158 \endgroup
159 \ifx\l@tmpa\l@tmpb \SetKeys[LettrineLocal]{#2}\fi
160 }

```

\lettrine Now let's define the `\lettrine` command.

```

161 \def\lettrine{\@ifnextchar[\@lettrine{\@lettrine[]}}
162 \def\@lettrine[#1]#2#3{%
163 \def\l@initial{#2}\let\l@refstring\@empty

```

First reset the parameters to their default values:

```

164 \setcounter{L@lines}{\value{DefaultLines}}%
165 \setcounter{L@depth}{\value{DefaultDepth}}%
166 \renewcommand*{\L@hang}{\DefaultLhang}%
167 \renewcommand*{\L@oversize}{\DefaultLoversize}%
168 \renewcommand*{\L@raise}{\DefaultLraise}%
169 \renewcommand*{\L@ante}{}%
170 \setlength{\L@Findent}{\DefaultFindent}%
171 \setlength{\L@Nindent}{\DefaultNindent}%
172 \setlength{\L@slope}{\DefaultSlope}%
173 \setlength{\L@novskip}{\DiscardVskip}%
174 \ifLettrineImage\L@imagetrue\else\L@imagefalse\fi
175 \ifLettrineOnGrid\L@gridtrue\else\L@gridfalse\fi
176 \ifLettrineRealHeight\L@realhtrue\else\L@realhfalse\fi

```

Then take the local options passed to `\lettrine` into account. The content of `\L@tbox` depends on option `realheight`, so we have to initialise the `\L@tbox` content now⁶.

```

177 \SetKeys[LettrineLocal]{#1}%
178 \sbox{\L@tbox}{\LettrineTextFont{\LettrineSecondString}}%
179 \ifL@realh
180   \def\@tempa{#3}%
181   \ifx\@tempa\@empty
182     \PackageWarning{lettrine.sty}%
183       {Empty second argument, \MessageBreak
184         ignoring option `realheight';}%
185   \else
186     \sbox{\L@tbox}{\{\LettrineTextFont{#3}\}}%
187   \fi
188 \fi

```

Then try to read an optional file (its name is given by `\DefaultOptionsFile`), do this inside a group, and define a global command `\l@LOKeys` which will expand to the list of options given by `\LettrineOptionsFor` for the current initial (defined by #2)...

Take the per character config file into account if any.

```

189 \if\DefaultOptionsFile\relax
190 \else

```

As some parameters' values `findent`, `nindent` and `slope` —which do not influence the initial's size— may be given relative to `\LettrineWidth`, the `\L@lbox` has to be set up to evaluate `\LettrineWidth`.

```

191 \setupL@lbox
192 \setlength{\LettrineWidth}{\wd\L@lbox}%
193 \InputIfFileExists{\DefaultOptionsFile}%
194 {}%
195 {\PackageWarning{lettrine.sty}%
196   {File \DefaultOptionsFile\space not found}%
197 }%

```

As local options prevail on those held in the config file, we have to read again the optionnal argument of `\lettrine`.

⁶Now means before eventually reading the per character config file.

```

198   \SetKeys[LettrineLocal]{#1}%
199   \fi

```

Store the initial's final dimensions,

```

200   \setupL@lbox
201   \setlength{\LettrineWidth}{\wd\L@lbox}%
202   \setlength{\LettrineHeight}{\ht\L@lbox}%
203   \setlength{\LettrineDepth}{\dp\L@lbox}%

```

and reset \L@tbox's content (mandatory in case `realheight=false`):

```

204   \sbox{\L@tbox}{\LettrineTextFont{#3}}%

```

Start a new paragraph and compute in \L@ruleht the height of the top part of the dropped capital which raises above the paragraph's first baseline.

The basis for \L@raise (and \L@oversize, see \LettrineFont) is \L@target@tth.

```

205   \par
206   \setlength{\L@ruleht}{\LettrineHeight}%
207   \setlength{\L@lraise}{\L@raise\L@target@tth}%
208   \addtolength{\L@ruleht}{\L@lraise}%
209   \ifnum\value{L@lines}>\@ne
210     \@tempcnta=\value{L@lines}%
211     \advance\@tempcnta \m@ne
212     \addtolength{\L@ruleht}{-\@tempcnta\baselineskip}%
213     \addtolength{\L@lraise}{-\L@target@dp}%
214   \fi

```

When \L@ruleht is larger than \baselineskip - \L@novskip and the `grid` option is true, let's skip an integer number of \baselineskip (and smash the dropped cap, see below).

```

215   \@tempdima=\L@ruleht
216   \advance\@tempdima \L@novskip
217   \@tempdimb=\baselineskip
218   \ifdim\@tempdima>\@tempdimb
219     \ifL@grid
220       \@tempcnta=\z@
221       \loop\ifdim\@tempdima>\@tempdimb
222         \advance\@tempcnta \@ne
223         \advance\@tempdima -\@tempdimb
224       \repeat
225       \vskip\@tempcnta\baselineskip
226   \fi
227   \fi

```

Print some informations about accuracy to the log file,

```

228   \begingroup
229   \def\IeC##1{##1}%
230   \@tempdima=\L@oversize pt\relax
231   \PackageInfo{lettrine.sty}%
232   {Targeted height = \the\L@target@tth\MessageBreak
233     (for loversize=0, accent excluded),\MessageBreak
234     Lettrine height = \the\LettrineHeight\space (#2)%
235     \ifdim\@tempdima>\z@\space loversize=\L@oversize\fi;%

```

```

236     \MessageBreak reported}%
237 \endgroup

```

We (mis)use the length `\L@first` to compute the width of the text eventually coming before the dropped capital. It is reset later on to hold the first line's length.

```

238 \setlength{\L@Pindent}{\wd\L@lbox}%
239 \addtolength{\L@Pindent}{-\L@hang\wd\L@lbox}%
240 \settowidth{\L@first}{\L@ante}%
241 \addtolength{\L@Pindent}{\L@first}%
242 \addtolength{\L@Pindent}{\L@Findent}%
243 \setlength{\L@first}{\linewidth}%
244 \addtolength{\L@first}{-\L@Pindent}%

```

Now let's compute `\L@Nindent` and `\L@next` for the next lines.

```

245 \addtolength{\L@Nindent}{\L@Pindent}%
246 \setlength{\L@next}{\linewidth}%
247 \addtolength{\L@next}{-\L@Nindent}%

```

This is for quotation, quote, abstract... environments: `\linewidth` is set by these environments, all we have to do is to shift our text left by `\@totalleftmargin`.

```

248 \addtolength{\L@Pindent}{\@totalleftmargin}%
249 \addtolength{\L@Nindent}{\@totalleftmargin}%

```

Now, set up the shape of the new paragraph (designed by `\parshape`).

```

250 \addtocounter{L@lines}{1}%
251 \addtocounter{L@lines}{\value{L@depth}}%
252 \def\L@parshape{\c@L@lines \the\L@Pindent \the\L@first}%
253 \@tempcnta=\tw@
254 \@whilenum \@tempcnta<\c@L@lines\do{%
255     \edef\L@parshape{\L@parshape \the\L@Nindent \the\L@next}%
256     \addtolength{\L@Nindent}{\L@slope}%
257     \addtolength{\L@next}{-\L@slope}%
258     \advance\@tempcnta\@ne}%
259 \edef\L@parshape{\L@parshape \@totalleftmargin \the\linewidth}%
260 \noindent
261 \parshape=\L@parshape\relax

```

Write the dropped capital into the left margin, and wrap the rest of paragraph around it.

```

262 \llap{\mbox{\L@ante}\smash{\raisebox{\L@lraise}{\usebox{\L@lbox}}}%
263     \ifL@grid\else\rule{0pt}{\L@ruleht}\fi
264     \hskip \the\L@Findent}%
265 \unhcopy\L@tbox\relax

```

A `\parshape` reset is required in abstract, quote and quotation environments beginning with `\lettrine` and spreading over several paragraphs. When the list ends, `\parshape` returns to 0.

```

266 \ifnum\@listdepth>0 \lreset@listparshape \fi
267 }

```

This ends the definition of `\lettrine`; `\lreset@listparshape` adds the `\parshape` reset to the first occurrence of `\everypar` following the `\lettrine` command.

```

268 \newtoks\Llist@everypar
269 \def\Lreset@listparshape{%
270   \let\Lnew@everypar\everypar
271   \Llist@everypar=\expandafter{\the\everypar}%
272   \Lnew@everypar={\the\Llist@everypar
273                   \parshape=@ne \@totalleftmargin \linewidth \relax
274                   \let\everypar\Llist@everypar
275                   }%
276 }

```

3 Configuration file

```
277%% lettrine.cfg: configuration file for lettrine.sty
278%%
279%% If you want to customize lettrine, please *do not* hack into the
280%% code, copy this file to your working directory and customize the
281%% copy as you like.
282%%
283%% Uncomment any of these lines and change the parameters' values
284%% to fit your needs (see lettrine.dtx).
285%%
286%%\setcounter{DefaultLines}{2}
287%%\setcounter{DefaultDepth}{0}
288%%
289%% These are *decimal* numbers:
290%%\renewcommand*{\DefaultLoversize}{0}
291%%\renewcommand*{\DefaultLraise}{0}
292%%\renewcommand*{\DefaultLhang}{0}
293%%
294%% These are *lengths* (don't forget the unit):
295%%\setlength{\DefaultFindent}{0pt}
296%%\setlength{\DefaultNindent}{0.5em}
297%%\setlength{\DefaultSlope}{0mm}
298%%\setlength{\DiscardVskip}{1pt}
299%%
300%% These are *flags* (value=true/false):
301%%\LettrineImagefalse
302%%\LettrineOnGridfalse
303%%\LettrineRealHeightfalse
304%%
305%% These are *commands* (value=string, only height matters):
306%%\renewcommand*{\LettrineTestString}{EFTZ}
307%%\renewcommand*{\LettrineSecondString}{x}
308%%
309%% In case you want to set parameters for some letters
310%% in file `optfile.cfl'
311%%\renewcommand{\DefaultOptionsFile}{optfile.cfl}
```

4 Change History

Changes are listed in reverse order (latest first) from version 1.0

v2.50	General: <code>\DiscardVskip</code> default value enlarged from 0.2pt to 1pt. 6	v2.1	General: New option ‘refstring’. 6
	<code>\lettrine</code> : Remove the top <code>\vskip</code> , smash the dropped cap, add a <code>\rule</code> to mimic its height above the baseline instead. 13		Newif <code>\ifLettrineVone</code> and new option ‘Vone’ (removed in v2.2, rollback preferred). 6
v2.40	General: <code>lettrine.dtx</code> auto-generates <code>lettrine.sty</code> and <code>lettrine.cfg</code> (<code>lettrine.ins</code> deleted). 6		<code>\compute@fontsize</code> : Computation of <code>\L@factor</code> for <code>\fontsize</code> done by the <code>minifp</code> package. 9
	Package options and <code>\lettrine</code> options no longer depend on <code>xkeyval</code> , they are based on <code>ltkeys.dtx</code> 7		<code>\computeL@height</code> : Height computations moved out of <code>\LettrineFont</code> : <code>\global</code> settings no longer required. 8
	<code>\compute@fontsize</code> : Computation of <code>\L@factor</code> for <code>\fontsize</code> done by the <code>xfp</code> package. 9	v2.0	<code>\computeL@height</code> : Store targeted dimensions of the dropped capital (ht, dp, tht) for further use. 8
	<code>\lettrine</code> : Options from the per letter config file are now handled by LaTeX command <code>\SetKeys</code> 11		<code>\lettrine</code> : Add informations about targeted and actual height of the initial to the <code>.log</code> file. 12
	Replace <code>\usebox</code> by <code>\unhcopy</code> for box <code>\L@tbox</code> to allow footnote calls and microtype action. 13		<code>\LettrineTestString</code> : changed from ‘ABCDEFGHIIJKLMNOQ-PRSTUVWXYZ’ to ‘EFTZ’ as some capitals like C, G, O, Q or X might be slightly taller (possible optical correction). 7
v2.30	General: Added global options to package <code>lettrine</code> 7	v1.9	General: New customisable string <code>\LettrineSecondString</code> to tune the initial’s height. 3
v2.23	General: Documentation cleanup. 1		New keyval option: ‘realheight’ (true/false) and new global flag <code>\ifLettrineRealHeight</code> 2
v2.22	<code>\compute@fontsize</code> : Warn if <code>\fontsize</code> computation fails due to division by 0. 9		<code>\computeL@height</code> : <code>\theL@lines</code> changed to <code>\value{L@lines}</code> . Needed for babel-hebrew which redefines <code>\@arabic</code> 8
	<code>\lettrine</code> : <code>\@totalleftmargin</code> is the correct indentation for quote, quotation and abstract environments. 13		<code>\lettrine</code> : <code>\theDefaultLines</code> changed to <code>\value{DefaultLines}</code> , same with <code>\theDefaultDepth</code> . Needed for babel-hebrew which redefines <code>\@arabic</code> . Thanks to Ulrike Fischer for providing the fix. 11
	<code>\parshape</code> reset added in lists. 13		<code>\theL@depth</code> changed to <code>\value{L@depth}</code> 13
v2.21	General: <code>\LettrineFontEPS</code> renamed as <code>\LettrineImage</code> 10		Use the second mandatory argument of <code>\lettrine</code> or <code>\LettrineSecondString</code> (which defaults to ‘x’) to compute
	Code clean up, new commands <code>\computeL@height</code> , <code>\compute@fontsize</code> , <code>\setupL@lbox</code> 8		
v2.2	General: Rollback mechanism used for recovering older versions. 6		

	<code>\L@height</code> . This is controlled by the 'realheight' flag.	11		argument (such as <code>\MakeLowercase</code>) in <code>\LettrineTextFont</code> . Suggested by Philipp Lehman.	12
v1.8	General: Added newif <code>\ifLettrineOnGrid</code> and new <code>\dimen \DiscardVskip</code> , default (0.2pt) set for compatibility with previous releases.	6		<code>\LettrineImage</code> : Added <code>\LettrineFontHook</code> to <code>\LettrineFontEPS</code> . This is needed for color options.	10
	Added two keyval options: 'grid' (true/false) and 'novskip' to override <code>\DiscardVskip</code>	2	v1.5	General: <code>\LettrineOptionsFor</code> and <code>\LettrineWidth</code> added.	10
	<code>\lettrine</code> : The 0.2pt limit for discarded vskips is now customisable through <code>\DiscardVskip</code> and option 'novskip'.	12		<code>\lettrine</code> : Added reading of an optional config file <code>\DefaultOptionsFile</code>	11
v1.7	General: New counter to add lines for dropped capitals with positive depth, like Q.	1	v1.4	<code>\lettrine</code> : <code>\lettrine</code> still didn't work properly in quote, quotation, abstract environments, pointed out by Matthias C. Schmidt. <code>\rightmargin</code> was added too early to <code>\L@Nindent</code> , thus making <code>\L@next</code> too short by <code>\rightmargin</code>	13
v1.65	<code>\lettrine</code> : Measure and store the initial's final dimensions.	12	v1.3	General: Correct the documentation to mention the cm-super fonts and the typelec package by Vladimir Volovich.	4
v1.64	<code>\lettrine</code> : Remove \$ around <code>\smash</code> and add <code>\relax</code> . Bug pointed out by David Monniaux. Correction by Enrico Gregorio.	13	v1.2	General: <code>\newlength</code> changed to <code>\newdimen</code> , to correct a bug with seminar.cls (pointed out by Peter Münster).	6
v1.63	<code>\LettrineTestString</code> : (new) it defaults to 'ABCDE-FGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ'. In previous versions height computations were based on letter 'X' which might not exist in some (rare) fonts. Pointed out by Raphaël Pinson.	7		<code>\computeL@height</code> : <code>\baselineskip</code> may be a rubber length, we convert it to a <code>\dimen</code>	8
v1.6	General: Add a flag to switch to images in eps or pdf format. Suggested by Bill Jetzer.	2		<code>\lettrine</code> : <code>\baselineskip</code> may be a rubber length, we convert it to a <code>\dimen</code>	12
	Added newif <code>\ifL@grid</code>	6	v1.1	<code>\lettrine</code> : Add <code>\rightmargin</code> to <code>\L@Pindent</code> for <code>\Lettrine</code> to work properly in quote, quotation, abstract environments... but do not change <code>\linewidth</code> which is set by these environments.	13
	Added newif <code>\ifL@image</code>	6			
	Added newif <code>\ifLettrineImage</code>	6			
	<code>\lettrine</code> : Add braces around #3 to allow commands taking an				